

I can solve money problems involving unequal sharing and grouping.

Solve the following problems. For at least one these problems use a bar model to help you solve the problem. Show all stages of your working out:

1. Junaid has £30. He earned $\frac{1}{3}$ of the money by doing jobs and the rest was birthday money. How much of the £30 was birthday money?

2. A sweet shop sells the following items:

Box of chocolate mints £8 | Box of toffees £4 | Tub of lollipops £6

a. The shop has a special offer, offering $\frac{1}{4}$ off all items. How much would you pay for each item now?





b. After the reduction Sunita buys two boxes of toffees and one tub of lollipops. She pays with a £20 note. How much change would she receive?
 Jasmine (age 10), her brother Philip (age 7), her baby sister Sienna and her Mum and Dad are going to the zoo. The cost for adults is £10 and children's tickets are ³/₄ of the adult price – babies are free. How much will it cost for admission for the family to the zoo?





I can solve money problems involving unequal sharing and grouping.



Solve the following problems. For at least one these problems use a bar model to help you solve the problem. Show all stages of your working out:

1. Class 6 are going to the pantomime. There are 30 children and 5 adults going to the pantomine. Tickets for adults cost £12.00 and children's tickets are $\frac{3}{4}$ of the adult price. As it is a school party, there is $\frac{1}{4}$ off the total bill. How much would it cost the class to visit the pantomime?

2. At the Christmas Fayre, £600 was raised in total. Food and drink raised $\frac{1}{3}$ of the total, games raised $\frac{2}{5}$ of the total and toy sales was a $\frac{1}{4}$ of the total. The rest of the money came from the other stalls. How much money did the other stalls raise?





3. At the funfair, the big wheel costs £2.00 per ride and the roller coaster costs £1.50 ride. Joel spends £18 on rides. $\frac{2}{3}$ of his money is spent on the big wheel and the rest v spent on the roller coaster. How many times does he go on each ride?	



I can solve money problems involving unequal sharing and grouping.

Solve the following problems. For at least one these problems use a bar model to help you solve the problem. Show all stages of your working out:

1. Three shops have special offers for computers:

Shop A	Shop B	Shop C
$\frac{1}{6}$ off the total cost	Buy one computer, get the second half price	Spend over £500, get £60 off total bill

The same computer costs the following in each shop:

Shop A	Shop B	Shop C
£375	£400	£325

If a customer buys two computers, which shop would offer the best deal?

If a customer buys four computers, which shop offers the best deal?



2.	10 000 people attended a football match. Tickets cost £12 for adults and £8 for children. $\frac{7}{10}$ of the crowd were adults. $\frac{3}{5}$ of the people attending bought a programme which cost £4. Another £22 000 was taken on food and drink.
α.	How much money was taken at the event?
b.	The club donated $\frac{1}{10}$ of the takings to two charities. If each charity received an equal
	amount, how much would each charity receive?



Children need to show how they solved the questions. At least one question's working out should include a bar model.

1. Junaid has £30. He earned $\frac{1}{3}$ of the money by doing jobs and the rest was birthday money. How much of the £30 was birthday money?

£20 was birthday money.

2. A sweet shop sells the following items:

Box of chocolate mints £8 | Box of toffees £4 | Tub of lollipops £6

a. The shop has a special offer, offering $\frac{1}{4}$ off all items. How much would you pay for each item now?

Box of chocolate mints now £6.

Box of toffees now £3.

Tub of lollipops now £4.50.

b. Sunita buys two boxes of toffees and one tub of lollipops. She pays with a £20 note. How much change would she receive?

Sunita receives £9.50 change.

3. Jasmine (age 10), her brother Philip (age 7), her baby sister Sienna and her Mum and Dad are going to the zoo. The cost for adults is £10 and children's tickets are $\frac{3}{4}$ of the adult price – babies are free. How much will it cost for admission for the family to the zoo?

It will cost the family £35.





Children need to show how they solved the questions. At least one question's working out should include a bar model.

1. Class 6 are going to the pantomime. There are 30 children and 5 adults going to the pantomine. Tickets for adults cost £12.00 and children's tickets are $\frac{3}{4}$ of the adult price. As it is a school party, there is $\frac{1}{4}$ off the total bill. How much would it cost the class to visit the pantomime?

The total to be paid is £247.50.

2. At the Christmas Fayre, £600 was raised in total. Food and drink raised $\frac{1}{3}$ of the total, games raised $\frac{2}{5}$ of the total and toy sales was a $\frac{1}{4}$ of the total. The rest of the money came from the other stalls. How much money did the other stalls raise?

The other stalls raised £10.

3. At the funfair, the big wheel costs £2.00 per ride and the roller coaster costs £1.50 per ride. Joel spends £18 on rides. $\frac{2}{3}$ of his money is spent on the big wheel and the rest was spent on the roller coaster. How many times does he go on each ride?

Big wheel: six rides.

Roller coaster: four rides.





Children need to show how they solved the questions. At least one question's working out should include a bar model.

1. Three shops have special offers for computers:

Shop A	Shop B	Shop C
$\frac{1}{6}$ off the total cost	Buy one computer, get the second half price	Spend over £500, get £60 off total bill

The same computer costs the following in each shop:

Shop A	Shop B	Shop C
£375	£400	£325

If a customer buys two computers, which shop would offer the best deal?

Shop C offers the best deal for two computers (£590).

If a customer buys four computers, which shop offers the best deal?

Shop B offers the best deal for four computers (£1200).

- 2. 10 000 people attended a football match. Tickets cost £12 for adults and £8 for children. $\frac{7}{10}$ of the crowd were adults. $\frac{3}{5}$ of the people attending bought a programme which cost £4. Another £22 000 was taken on food and drink.
- a. How much money was taken at the event?

£154 000 was taken.

The club donated $\frac{1}{10}$ of the takings to two charities. If each charity received an equal amount, how much would each

Each charity would receive £7700.

You may wish to mark this correct if the answer is $\frac{1}{20}$ of the answer to Question 2a) as this answer is dependent upon the answer to this question.

