## Knowledge Organiser

| Year Group | Subject | Topic |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Year 2 | Maths | Measurement: Length and Height |

## The Big Picture:

Children will be able to choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/height in any direction ( $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{cm}$ ); mass ( $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{g}$ ); temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); capacity (litres $/ \mathrm{ml}$ ) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels. They will also compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =.

## Sequence of learning

Measure length ( cm )
Measure length ( m )
Compare lengths
Order lengths
Four operations with lengths

Knowledge Organiser

| Key Vocabulary |
| :---: |
| length |
| long |
| short |
| height |
| tall |
| measure |
| ruler |
| tape measure |
| metre stick |
| centimetre (cm) |
| metre (m) |
| compare |
| order |



## Mcasuring in Mctres



We can measure the length or height of larger objects in metres ( $\mathbf{m}$ ).
The girl is 1 m and 20 cm tall.


We can use metre sticks, trundle wheels or tape measures.
1 metre $=100$ centimetres



| Practise counting forwards and backwards in 2's, 3's and 5's everyday. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Count } \\ & \text { in 2's } \end{aligned}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 22 | 24 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Count } \\ & \text { in 3's } \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 | 33 | 36 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Count } \\ & \text { in 5's } \end{aligned}$ | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 | 55 | 60 |

